

### **SECTION 1-IDENTIFICATION**

Product identifier	RECOIL A
Other means of identification	None
Recommended use and restrictions on use	Construction product / Refer to technical information
Initial supplier identifier	Meghan's Supply & Design // BallistiX 11720Main St Suite 120,Fredericksburg, VA 22408, United States +1540-940-6698
Emergency telephone number/restriction on use	USA – INFOTRAC 24 hour number <b>1800</b> – <b>535–5053</b>

### SECTION 2 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

SECTION E TIME THE TELEVISION	DECITOR E TIMESTRE IDENTIFICATION		
Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)	Carcinogenicity -Category 2 Eye Irritation -Category 2A Flammable Liquids -Category 4 Reproductive Toxicity -Category 2 Skin Irritation -Category 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Repeated Exposure -Category 2		
Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)  WARNING	H227 -Combustible Liquid H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H319-Causes serious eye irritation H361-Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H316-Causes mild skin irritation H373 -May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure		

P202 –Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 –Wear protective gloves/protective cloth-ing/eye protection/face protection. P264 –Wash thoroughly after handling. P210 –Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 –Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P308 +P313 –IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P305 +P351+P338 –IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 +P313 –If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370 +P378 –In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam to extinguish. For detailed information, see Section–5 (Fire Fighting Measures) P332 +P313 –If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P314 –Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P405 –Store locked up. P403 –Store in a well–ventilated place. P501 –Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other Hazards Known	None



### SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name (common name/synonyms)	CAS NUMBER or other	Concentration (%)	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	8 - 14	
XYLENE	1330-20-7	4 - 7	
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1-17	
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	0.2 -0.4	
BENZENE	71-43-2	Trace	

All ingredients are listed according to OSHA (29 CFR).

# **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove perso	n to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a doctor.
Ingestion	consciousness, or is uncon-	uth. Do NOT induce vomiting. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing scious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two glasses naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Call a doctor if you feel
Skin contact		nty of water (15-20minutes).IF SKIN irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. hing and wash it before reuse.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes (15-20).Removecontact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
Most important (acute and delayed	t symptoms and effects d)	Causes severe skin, respiratory or digestive tract burns and eye damage.
Indication of im	mediate medical ial treatment	In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.

### **SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)	Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.
Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.

### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions,	Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.Restrict access to area until completion of clean-
protective equipment	up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing
and emergency procedures	with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate area of release. Stop the leak if it can be done safely. Contain and absorb any spilled liquid concentrate with inert absorbent material, then place material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

<sup>\*</sup> Statement -This safety data sheet provides concentration range(s) instead of the actual concentration(s) considered trade secret(s).



### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection.

Before handling it is very important that engineering controls are operating, and that protective equipment requirements and personal hygiene measures are being followed. People working with this chemical should be properly trained regarding its hazards and its safe use. Inspect containers for leaks before handling. Label containers appropriately. Ensure proper ventilation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid generating high concentrations of dusts, vapors or mists. Keep away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Keep containers closed when not in use. Empty containers are always dangerous. Refer also to Section 8.

storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Inspect all incoming containers to make sure they are properly labelled and not damaged. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks.

### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters (biological limit values or exposure limit values and source of those values)	Exposure limits: None known
Appropriate engineering controls	Use under well-ventilated conditions. Local exhaust ventilation system is recommended to maintain concentrations of contaminants below exposure limits. Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.
Individual protection measures / personal protective equipment	Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations are higher than the exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirators if the exposure limits are unknown. Chemically protective gloves (impervious), and other protective clothing to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact, must be worn during all handling operations. Wear protective chemical splash goggles to prevent mists from entering the eyes. Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material. Remove and wash contaminated work clothing before re-use.

### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance / color	Liquid	vapor pressure	Not available
odor	Characteristic	vapor density	Heavier than air
odor threshold	Not available	Specific gravity	1.05
pH	Not available	Solubility	Not available
Melting point / Freezing point	Not available	Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water	Not available
Initial boiling point/ranges	140 °C	Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Flash point	61 °C	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Evaporation rate	Slower than ether	Viscosity	1500-1700cps
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available	voc	0.54 lb/gal
Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available	Density	8.76 lb/gal



# RECOIL 98% SOLIDS POLYUREA

# SAFETY DATA SHEET PART A

### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Does not react under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.
Chemical Stability	Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known
Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock or vibration)	Heat, high temperature, open flame, and moisture. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	This product will react with any material containing isocyanate. Some reactions can be violent.
Hazardous decomposition products	Combustion products: organic vapors and thermal decomposition fragments.

#### SECTION 11-TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Causes mild skin irritation Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Causes serious eye irritation Respiratory/ Skin Sensitization Inhalation: Severe overexposure may induce respiratory sensitization with asthma like symptoms. These symptoms may be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Chronic exposures may result in permanent decreases in lung function. Skin sensitization may develop after repeated and/or prolongedcontact. No data available. Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. Germ Cell Mutagenicity No data available. Reproductive Toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolongedor repeated exposure. Aspiration Hazard No data available. Acute Toxicity If ingested: In humans, irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion, and injury may be severe and cause death. Repeated and prolonged exposure at low levels may result in adverse skin and eye effects, liver and kidney disorders. No data available, Likely Routes of Exposure Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact Chronic Exposure 0000100-41-4ETHYLBENZENE CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.0001330-20-7XYLENEHigh exposure to Xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developingembryo/fetus. Xylene in high concentrations has caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. 0001333-86-4CARBONBLACK CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: In 1996, the IARC reevaluated Carbon Black as a Group 2B carcinogen. This evaluation is given to carbon black for which there is inadequate human evidence, but sufficient animal evidence. Prolonged inhalation of Carbon black can result in lung disease. Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing and reduced pulmonary function. Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous 0000100-41-4ETHYLBENZENE Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following:central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryo-toxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer, 0001330-20-7XYLENE Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developingfetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolongedskin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin. 0001333-86-4CARBON BLACK Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Has shown carcinogenic activity in laboratory animals at high doses. Significance to man is unknown. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, respiratory disease. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer, 0013463-67-7TI-TANIUM DIOXIDE Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m3 respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxideconcentrations in the rat's lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m3 level are not relevant to the workplace. Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to Titanium Dioxidewere at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to Titanium dioxide. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no association was observed between Titanium dioxide exposure and chronic respiratory disease or x-rayabnormalities. Based on the results of this study DuPont concludes that titanium dioxidewill not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace. '0001333-86-4CARBON BLACK LC50 (rat): 6750 mg/m3 (4-hourexposure); cited as 27000 mg/m3 (27 mg/L) (1-hourexposure) (3) 0001330-20-7XYLENE LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hourexposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1)LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hourexposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1)LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hourexposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene)(2) LD50  $(oral, rat): 5400 \ mg/kg \ (52\% \ m-, 19\% \ o-, 24\% \ p-) (1) LD50 \ (oral, female \ mouse): 5251 \ mg/kg \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 17.0\% \ ethylben-poly \ (60.2\% \ m-, 9.1\% \ o-, 14.6\% \ p-, 14.$ zene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6%p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/ kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes -undefined composition) (3) LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse) (4) LD50 (o LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes -undefined composition) (3) 0000071-43-2 BENZENE LC50 (rat): 13,700 ppm (4 hour exposure) (26); 9,980 ppm (7 hour exposure) (13,200 ppm -equivalent 4 hour exposure) (18) LD50 (oral, rat): 93



### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial information)	No data available for this product
Persistence and degradability	No data available
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.

### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal/methods of disposal/contaminated packaging

Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.

### SECTION 14-TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the TDG Regulations: NOT REGULATED

UN Number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IMDG (maritime): NOT REGULATED

UN Number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IATA (air): NOT REGULATED

Special Precautions (transport/conveyance):None known

Environmental hazards (IMDG or other): None known

Bulk transport (usually more than 450L in capacity): Possible

### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety/health regulations specifics	Refer to Section 2 for the appropriate classification. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).	
Environmental regulations specifics	Refer to Section 3 for ingredient(s) of the DSL	
Safety/health/environmental outside regulations specifics Bioaccumulative potential	United States OSHA information: This product is regulated according to OSHA (29 CFR).  United States EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) information: 40 CFR Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3 & Sections 12;13 & 14.	
	United States TCSA information:Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3.	
National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)	HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 1 INSTABILITY: 0 SPECIAL HAZARDS: Refer to Section 2 & 3.  HAZARD SCALE: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe	



# **RECOIL**98% SOLIDS POLYUREA

# SAFETY DATA SHEET PART A

## **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	April 8, 202	20 version 5.1	
Corrections	SDS Temp	late modifications	
References	Safety Dat	a Sheets from manufacturer/supplier	
Abbreviations	ACGIH ATE CAS DSL IARC IATA IMDG LC LD NIOSH NTP OSHA PEL STEL TDG TLV TSCA TWA WHMIS	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstract Service Domestic Substance List International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Lethal concentration Lethal Dosage National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health National Toxicology Program (U.S.A.) Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.A.) Permissible Exposure Limit Short-term Exposure Limit Transport of dangerous goods Threshold Limit Value Toxic Substances Control Act Time Weighted Average Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknownhazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



### SECTION 1-IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier	RECOIL B
Other means of identification	None
Recommended use and restrictions on use	Construction product / Refer to technical information
Initial supplier identifier	Meghan's Supply & Design // BallistiX 11720Main St Suite 120,Fredericksburg, VA 22408, United States +1540-940-6698
Emergency telephone number/restriction on use	USA - INFOTRAC 24 hour number 1800-535-5053

### **SECTION 2 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class) Acute toxicity Oral -Category 4
Carcinogenicity -Category 2
Eye Irritation -Category 2
Flammable Liquids -Category 4
Reproductive Toxicity -Category 2

Respiratory Sensitizer (Solid/Liquid)-Category 1

Skin Irritation -Category 2 Skin Sensitizer -Category 1

H227 -Combustible Liquid

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Repeated Exposure -Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) -Category 3

Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)

DANGER

H302 -Harmful if swallowed H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H319-Causes serious eye irritation

H361-Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H334 -May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H315-Causes skin irritation

H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction

H373 -May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H335 -May cause respiratory irritation

P264 -Wash thoroughly after handling.P270 -Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.P201 -Obtain special instructions before use. P202 -Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.P280 -Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection.P210 -Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.P284 -[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.P272 -Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.P260 -Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.P271 -Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.P233 -Keep container tightly closed.P301 +P312 -IF SWAL-LOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.P330 -Rinse mouth.P308 +P313 -IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.P305 +P351 +P338 -IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.P337 +P313 -If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.P370 +P378 -In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam to extinguish. For detailed information, see Section-5 P304 +P340 -IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.P342 +P311-If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.P302 +P352 -IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.P321 -Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS). P362 +P364 -Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.P333 +P313 -If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.P314-Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.P405 -Store locked up.P403 -Store in a well-ventilated place. P403 +P405 -Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.P501 -Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other Hazards Known None



## SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name (common name/synonyms)	CAS NUMBER or other	Concentration (%)	
4,4'-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE	101-68-8	56 -100	
XYLENE	1330-20-7	3 -6	
MDI (MONOMER)	26447-40-5	15 -3	
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	0.9 - 1.4	
BENZENE	71–43–2	Trace	

All ingredients are listed according to OSHA (29 CFR).

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a doctor.	
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.	
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water (15-20minutes).IF SKIN irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.  Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
Eye contact	IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes (15-20). Removecontact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
Most important (acute and delayed	symptoms and effects )	Causes severe skin, respiratory or digestive tract burns and eye damage.
Indication of imattention/specia	mediate medical al treatment	In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.

### SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)	Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.
Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.

### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions,	Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.Restrict access to area until completion of clean-
protective equipment	up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing
and emergency procedures	with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate area of release. Stop the leak if it can be done safely. Contain and absorb any spilled liquid concentrate with inert absorbent material, then place material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

<sup>\*</sup> Statement -This safety data sheet provides concentration range(s) instead of the actual concentration(s) considered trade secret(s).



### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Before handling, it is very important that engineering controls are operating, and that protective equipment requirements and personal hygiene measures are being followed. People working with this chemical should be properly trained regarding its hazards and its safe use. Inspect containers for leaks before handling. Label containers appropriately. Ensure proper ventilation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid generating high concentrations of dusts, vapors or mists. Keep away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Keep containers closed when not in use. Empty containers are always dangerous. Refer also to Section 8.

storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Inspect all incoming containers to make sure they are properly labelled and not damaged. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks.

### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters (biological limit values or exposure limit values and source of those values)	Exposure limits: None known
Appropriate engineering controls	Use under well-ventilated conditions. Local exhaust ventilation system is recommended to maintain concentrations of contaminants below exposure limits. Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.
Individual protection measures/personal protective equipment	Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations are higher than the exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirators if the exposure limits are unknown. Chemically protective gloves (impervious), and other protective clothing to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact, must be worn during all handling operations. Wear protective chemical splash goggles to prevent mists from entering the eyes. Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material. Remove and wash contaminated work clothing before re-use.

### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance / color	Liquid	vapor pressure	Not available
odor	Characteristic	vapor density	Heavier than air
odor threshold	Not available	Relative density	9.91 lb/gal
pH	Not available	Solubility	Not available
Melting point / Freezing point	Not available	Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water	Not available
Initial boiling point	140 °C	Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Flash point	61 °C	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Evaporation rate	Slower than ether	Viscosity	1500-1700cps
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available	VOC	0.54 lb/gal
Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available	Gravity	1.19



### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Does not react under the recommended storage and handling conditions pres-	cribed.
Chemical Stability	Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known	
Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock or vibration)	Heat, high temperature, open flame, sparks, and moisture. Contact with incomprials in a closed system will cause liberation of carbon dioxideand buildupof p	
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing materials; etc.	
Hazardous decomposition products	None known	

# SECTION 11-TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor. Causes skin irritation Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis. Any level of contact should not be left untreated. Causes serious eye irritation Respiratory/Skin Sensitization May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. Germ Cell Mutagenicity No data available. Reproductive Toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure May cause respiratory irritation Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure May cause damage to organs through prolongedor repeated exposure. Aspiration Hazard No data available. Acute Toxicity Harmful if swallowed Likely Routes of Exposure Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact Chronic Exposure 0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans, 0001330-20-7XYLENE High exposure to Xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. Xylene in high concentrations has caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. 0001330-20-7XYLENE LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hourexposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1)LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1) LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene)(2) LD50 (oral, rat): 5400 mg/kg (52% m-, 19% o-, 24% p-) (1)LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1%o-,14.6%p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes -undefined composition) (3) LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1%o-,14.6%p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-,9.1% o-,14.6% p-,17.0% ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes -undefined composition) (3) 0000071-43-2BENZENE LC50 (rat): 13,700 ppm (4 hour exposure) (26); 9,980 ppm (7 hour exposure) (13,200 ppm -equivalent 4 hour exposure) (18)LD50 (oral, rat): 930 mg/kg (19); 5,600 mg/ kg (2): 11.4ml/kg (10.032 mg/kg) (21)LD50 (oral, mouse): 4,700 mg/kg (11:unconfirmed) LD50 (skin, rabbit and quinea pig): Greater than 9,400 mg/kg (20) 0000100-41-4ETHYLBENZENE LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hourexposure (3) LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10)LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8)LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11)0000101-68-84,4'-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYA-NATE LC50 (rat): 369-490 mg/m3 (aerosol) (4-hourexposure) (1)LC50 (rat): 178 mg/m3 (17.4 ppm) (duration of exposure not reported) (2) LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 10,000 mg/kg (1,2)LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 10,000 mg/kg (1)LD50 (oral, mouse): 2,200 mg/kg

#### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial information)	No data available for this product
Persistence and degradability	No data available
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No data available.

### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal/methods of disposal/contaminated packaging
Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.



#### SECTION 14-TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the TDG Regulations: NOT REGULATED

UN Number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IMDG (maritime): NOT REGULATED

UN Number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IATA (air): NOT REGULATED

Special Precautions (transport/conveyance):None known

Environmental hazards (IMDG or other): None known

Bulk transport (usually more than 450L in capacity): Possible

### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety/health regulations specifics	Refer to Section 2 for the appropriate classification. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).	
Environmental regulations specifics	Refer to Section 3 for ingredient(s) of the DSL	
Safety/health/environmental outside regulations specifics Bioaccumulative potential	United States OSHA information: This product is regulated according to OSHA (29 CFR).  United States EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) information: 40 CFR Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3 & Sections 12;13 & 14.  United States TCSA information: Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3.	
National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)	HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 1 INSTABILITY: 0 SPECIAL HAZARDS: Refer to Section 2 & 3.  HAZARD SCALE: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe	

### SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	June 21,2022 version 2	
Corrections	SDS Templa	ite modifications
References	Safety Data	Sheets from manufacturer/supplier
Abbreviations	ACGIH ATE CAS DSL IARC IATA IMDG LC LD NIOSH NTP OSHA PEL STEL TDG TLV TSCA TWA WHMIS	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstract Service Domestic Substance List International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Lethal concentration Lethal Dosage National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health National Toxicology Program (U.S.A.) Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.A.) Permissible Exposure Limit Short-term Exposure Limit Transport of dangerous goods Threshold Limit Value Toxic Substances Control Act Time Weighted Average Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknownhazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.